Duration: 2hours 30 minutes Total Marks: 60

## **Instructions:**

- (1) All questions are compulsory.
- (2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- **Q.1** (a) Attempt any **two** of the following:

08

- (i) Write mechanism of Schmidt rearrangement and discuss features of the intermediate involved.
- (ii) Explain why reaction of sodium 2-bromopropanoate with methanolic sodium methoxide results in formation of product with retention of configuration.
- (iii) Explain molecular orbital basis for the  $\alpha$  effect.
- (iv) Draw the molecular orbitals of 1,3-butadiene and comment upon their symmetry properties.
- (b) Attempt any **one** of the following:

O<sub>2</sub>

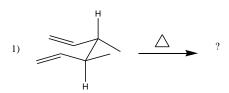
(i) Complete the following reaction and give it's mechanism.

$$\begin{array}{c|cccc} CH_3 & H & & catalyst: \\ & & & \\ CH_3 & C & C & OH & & \\ & & & \\ CH_3 & CH_3 & & \\ \end{array}$$

- (ii) Explain the following:
  - A. Symmetry properties of molecular orbitals.
  - B. Conservation of molecular orbital symmetry in concerted reactions.
- **Q. 2** (a) Attempt any **two** of the following:

**08** 

(i) Predict the products in following reaction:

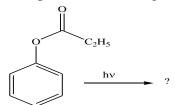


33695

Page 1 of 3

s 33695		photochemical condition with suitable example.  Page 2 of 3	
	(d)	Explain ring closer reaction of 4 $\pi$ electron system under thermal &	
	(c)	Explain cope & aza-Cope rearrangement with suitable example.	
		The rate of acetolysis of trans-2-iodocyclohexylbrosylate is much faster than acetolysis of its cis isomer.	
	(b)	Justify the following statement:	
	(u)	ketene with ammonia.	
Q. 5	(a)	Attempt any <b>four</b> of the following: Give any two methods for generation of ketenes. Give the reaction of	12
0.5	` /		10
	(ii)	Discuss singlet oxygenation reaction with two examples.	
	(b) (i)	Attempt any <b>one</b> of the following: Explain the mechanism of $di-\pi$ methane rearrangement.	U4
	(b)	·	04
	(iv)	Discuss the mechanism and stereochemistry of Paterno-Buchi reaction.	
	(iii)	Discuss the cleavage of a bond $\beta$ to carbonyl group in photochemical reactions of ketones. Give mechanism.	
	(;;;)	photoquenching process.	
	(ii)	What are the photochemical quenchers? Discuss the principle involved in	
~· '	(i)	Draw and explain Jablonski diagram.	3.3
Q. 4	(a)	Attempt any <b>two</b> of the following:	08
	(ii)	Explain the stereochemistry of oxidation of cyclohexanol.	
	(i)	Explain the stereochemistry of perhydroanthracenes.	
	(b)	Attempt any <b>one</b> of the following:	04
		Diedt 5 fuic.	
	(iv)	State Bredt's rule. Explain why bicyclo [3.2.2]non-7-ene does not follow Bredt's rule.	
		of its most stable conformation.	
	(iii)	Draw the conformations of cyclooctane and discuss the evidence in favour	
		cannot be resolved through dissymmetric.	
	(ii)	Draw all possible conformers of decaline. Explain why cis-decaline	
<b>Q.</b> 5	(i)	Discuss the structural features of cis and trans hydrindane.	00
Q. 3	(a)	Attempt any <b>two</b> of the following:	08
		of substituents in Diels-Alder reaction.	
	(ii)	Explain Diels-Alder reaction with suitable example. Describe the effects	
	(i)	Give the synthesis of Citral using pericyclic reactions.	
	(b)	Attempt any <b>one</b> of the following:	04
		cyclobutene.	
	(iv)	With the help of correlation diagram, explain dis-rotatory opening of	
	(111)	suitable examples.	
	(iii)	hydrogen shift with suitable example.  Explain regioselectivity & Peri-selectivity in pericyclic reactions with	
	(11)	hydrogen shift with suitable example	

- (e) Suggest the symmetry elements and point group present in 1,3-dimethylallene.
- (f) Explain the stereochemistry of steroids.
- (g) Complete the following reaction and give its mechanism.



(h) Explain: - cis-trans isomerization and photochemical cross-coupling.

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*