

Time: 2^{1/2}hrs**[Marks: 60]**

Please check whether you have got the right question paper.

N.B: 1. All questions are compulsory.

2. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

3. Use of non-programmable scientific calculator is allowed.

Useful constants

$$c = 2.998 \times 10^8 \text{ m.s}^{-1}$$

$$R = 8.314 \text{ J.K}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1} = 2.0 \text{ cal..K}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1}$$

$$h = 6.626 \times 10^{-34} \text{ Js}$$

$$m_e = 9.110 \times 10^{-31} \text{ kg}$$

$$N_A = 6.022 \times 10^{23} \text{ mol}^{-1}$$

Atomic mass of N=14, O=16, H=1, C=12, Cl=35.5

$$e = 1.602 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$$

$$k = 1.3811 \times 10^{-23} \text{ JK}^{-1}$$

$$1\text{J} = 6.24 \times 10^{18} \text{ eV}$$

$$1\text{eV} = 8.06 \times 10^3 \text{ cm}^{-1}$$

$$1\text{amu} = 1.66 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$$

Q.1 A) Attempt any two of the following:i) Separate the following Schrodinger equation into two equations each with a single variable in it. **04**

$$\frac{\partial^2 \psi}{\partial \theta^2} + \frac{\cos \theta}{\sin \theta} \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial \theta} + \frac{1}{\sin^2 \theta} \frac{\partial^2 \psi}{\partial \phi^2} + \frac{8\pi^2 m r^2}{h^2} E \psi = 0 \text{ where } \psi \text{ is } \psi(\theta, \phi).$$

ii) Explain why hydrogen like atoms represent a two particle problem. Write the Hamiltonian operator for it. What are “coordinates of center of mass” and “relative coordinates”? Why are they necessary? **04**iii) What are spherical harmonics? Write its expression in terms of Θ and ψ . Give the significance of spherical harmonics. **04**iv) Write the secular determinant for Buta-1,3-diene molecule. Indicate HOMO, LUMO and the energy levels. **04****B) Attempt any one of the following:**i) The approximate energy of a system is given by $E = K^2 + 2K - 5$ where K is a variational parameter. What value of K leads to the lowest energy and what is the value of minimum energy? **04**ii) Considering NO molecule as a rigid rotator rotating freely in three dimensional space, calculate the rotational energy for first two energy levels. **04**

Q.2 A) Attempt **any two** of the following:

- What is partial molal volume? How is evaluated by intercept method. **04**
- Derive thermodynamically the Kelvin equation of vapour pressure of droplets. **04**
- What is ATP? How is it synthesized from ADP? **04**
- How will you determine fugacity from equation of states? **04**

B) Attempt **any one** of the following:

- Calculate ΔG_{mix} and ΔH_{mix} at 25°C and 1 atmospheric pressure when 10 moles of helium gas is mixed with 10 moles of neon gas. **04**
- The partial molal volume of methanol-water solution containing 0.61 mole fraction of water is $17.2 \text{ cm}^3 \text{ mol}^{-1}$. The density of the solution is 0.92 g cm^{-3} . Calculate the partial molal volume of methanol in solution. **04**

Q.3 A) Attempt **any two** of the following.

- Derive the parabolic rate law equation for the reaction of a gas on the surface of solid particles. **04**
- Obtain Lineweaver-Burk equation for the reaction catalysed by enzymes. **04**
- Explain the kinetics of enzyme inhibition action by competitive inhibition method. **04**
- Derive a mathematical relation between rate constant and dielectric constant of a medium for elementary reaction in a solution. **04**

B) Attempt **any one** of the following.

- The following data have been obtained for the enzyme catalysed reaction:

[S] mol dm ⁻³	Rate, R mol dm ⁻³ s ⁻¹
3.5×10^{-4}	3.7×10^{-4}
7.0×10^{-3}	1.23×10^{-3}

Using Michaelis-Menten's equation, calculate the Michaelis constant K_m and the limiting rate V . **04**

(ii) Predict the effect of ionic strength on the rate constant for each of the following reactions: 04

- | | | |
|---|-------------------|---------|
| 1) $[\text{Co}(\text{NH}_3)_5 \text{Br}]^{2+} + \text{Hg}^{2+}$ | \longrightarrow | Product |
| 2) $\text{Fe}^{2+} + [\text{Co}(\text{C}_2\text{O}_4)_3]^{3-}$ | \longrightarrow | Product |
| 3) $\text{S}_2\text{O}_8^{2-} + \text{I}^-$ | \longrightarrow | Product |
| 4) $\text{CH}_3\text{COOC}_2\text{H}_5 + \text{OH}^-$ | \longrightarrow | Product |

Q.4 A) Attempt **any two** of the following;

- (i) Derive an equation for vacancy defects in elemental solids 04
- (ii) Draw and discuss the phase diagram of solid-gas system involving formation of amino compounds. 04
- (iii) What is incongruent melting point? Explain the phase diagram of suitable system consisting of incongruent melting point? 04
- (iv) Draw and discuss the phase diagram of a three component system consisting of two pairs of partially miscible liquids. 04

B) Attempt **any one** of the following:

(i) Determine the number of phases, the number of components and degree of freedom of the following systems. 04

- a) $\text{CaCO}_{3(s)} \rightleftharpoons \text{CaO}_{(s)} + \text{CO}_{2(g)}$
- b) I_2 dissolved in CCl_4

(ii) Calculate the ratio of vacancies in the metal at 627°C and 177°C , if the average energy required to create a vacancy in a metal is 1eV . (Given $K_B = 8.625 \times 10^{-5} \text{ eV/K}$) 04

Q.5) Attempt **any four** of the following: 12

- a) Write only the expression for theta equation, phi equation and R equation.
- b) State and explain variation principle.
- c) Write the BET equation and explain the terms involved in it
- d) What do you understand by thermodynamic excess functions? Write an expression for i) Excess entropy (S^E) ii) Excess enthalpy (H^E)
- e) Write a note on enzyme activation by metal ions.
- f) State the comparison between regulatory enzymes and non-regulatory enzymes.
- g) Explain the terms (i) Plait point (ii) Binodal curve
- h) What are point defects? Explain Schottky defects.

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