MSC II - Sem IV - Oct 2016 Analy. Chemistry - paper IT

QP Code: 76608

			Copton to	(2½ Hours)	[Total Marks	: 60
N.I	3. :		questions are compul of log table or non	lsory. programmable calcul	ator is permitted.	
1.	(a)	(i) (ii)	Explain the function	of magnetic anisotrop on of thermocouple a	and bolometer as infrared	. Y 8-7
	(b)	(iii) (iv)	Elaborate the ter spectroscopy. Give the basic printhe applications of p	m spin-spin relaxaciple of IR spectrosco	opy. ctrometry.	4
	(0)	D130033	the applications of h	OR	onomony.	•
	(b)	What is j	p ³¹ NMR? Give its a	dvantages over norma	II NMR.	4
2.	(a)	Attempt (i) (ii) (iii)	spectroscopy with s Elaborate the mech What is the functi spectrometer?	of sampling using op suitable diagram. anism of Raman and on of ion sources an	d mass analyzers in mass	8
		(iv)	Explain the function spectroscopy.	on of fast atkin bomb	pardment sources in mass-	
	(b)	-	the use of Raman sp c species with suitab		nd quantitative analysis of	
	(b)	How doe pattern?	es mass spectrum pro	ride structural inform	mation from fragmentation	4
3.	(a)	Attempt (i)	any two of the follo Give the expressio and explain the terr	n used in quantitativ	e isotope dilution analysis	8
		(ii)	(-)		s superior to the individual .	
		(iii)	Explain the princip suitable example.		hermometric titration with s the nature of the titration	
		97 97			f chloride ions using this	

Scanned by CamScanner

TURN OVER

4

4

12

(b) Describe the working of instrument used in differential scanning calorimetry (DSC).

(b) Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of thermal neutron activation analysis.

4. (a) Attempt any two of the following:

any two of the following:

Explain the interfaces used in ICP-MS. State advantages of mass spectrometer as detector.

How can HPLC be coupled with MS? What are "

available for this purpose?

Explain the interfacing "

that the car"

(ii)

- (iii) that the carrier gas is removed from the components?
- How can IR be coupled to GC? What are the difficulties in coupling (iv) an IR to GC?
- (b) How the tandem mass spectroscopic technique used identify compounds having same mass but different structures?

(b) Give the principle and working of ICP-OES.

Attempt any four of the following:-

(a) Discus advantages of fourier transform infrared spectrometer as compared to a dispersive instrument.

(b) What are the advantages of FT MR measurement over a continuous wave measurement?

- (c) Under what circumstances would helium / neon laser preferred to an argon ion in laser as a Ramanysource?
- Explain the function of "Time of fight mass analyser" in mass spectrometer.
- What is autoraciography? How is it different from gamma radiography? (e)
- Give applications of evolved gas analysis. (f)
- What is hyphenation? What are its advantages? (g)
- Describe the stretching and bending vibrations of molecules with suitable (h)

DW-Con.746-16.