STUDY OF EFFECT OF ROOT NODULE BACTERIA FROM WEED MIMOSA PUDICA ON THE GROWTH OF SEED GERMINATION.

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INTRODUCTION: The economic stability of India is dependent on the agricultural yield [1]. Soil bacterial strains play a very important role in crop production. [2]. Mimosapudicais a weed legume growing in soil. It possesses root nodules. Symbiotic relationship undergoes in leguminous plant with respective root and stem module bacteria. The relationship is Iron dependent, nodule formation require iron as well as nitrogenase system and leghaemoglobin for nitrogen fixation. [3]. The aim of this study is to check how Rhizobium culture helps in nitrogen fixation and how it play a role in enhancing the seed germination, plant growth.

MATERIAL & METHODS: [4]

- Collection of plant- Mimosa pudica .
- Separation of Root nodules.
- Isolation of root nodulating bacteria:
- Healthy root nodules placed in a petri plate.
- Crushed to obtain a milky suspension of bacteriods.
- Suspension streaking on CRYEMA media [5]
- Incubation of plate at 28 °C for 24-48 hrs.
- White translucent colonies obtained.

RESULTS:

- The strain observed was gram negative and did not absorb red colour when cultured in YEMA containing Congo red as indicated in fig.No.1.
- Isolated Rhizobium strains did not absorbed red colour from CRYEMA medium and from the biochemical test it is confirmed that the isolated strain was of Rhizobium.
- Siderophore are the protein capable of sequesting iron from the surroundings. Rhizobium helps in siderophore production which absorbs iron from the surrounding media and helps in germination of seed. On the other hand seedswhich were not inoculated with *rhizobium* culture absorbs iron but with slow rate and germination is slow or delayed as indicated in fig.No.2.



Fig.1. Plate showing growth of Rhizobiumon Yema media and Cryma media

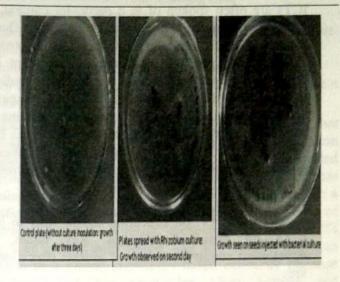


Fig.2. Plate showing growth on MS media (MS-Murashige and Skoog)

CONCLUSION:

 On the basis of the findings, it is concluded that Rhizobium culture helps in nitrogen fixation and thus it can play a role in enhancing the seed germination, plant growth and ultimately to increase crop yield.

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